111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3258

To amend the Safe Drinking Water Act to enhance the security of the public water systems of the United States.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 20, 2009

Mr. Waxman (for himself, Mr. Markey of Massachusetts, Mr. Pallone, Mrs. Capps, Mr. Sarbanes, and Ms. Schakowsky) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To amend the Safe Drinking Water Act to enhance the security of the public water systems of the United States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Drinking Water Sys-
- 5 tem Security Act of 2009".

1	SEC. 2. INTENTIONAL ACTS AFFECTING THE SECURITY OF
2	COVERED WATER SYSTEMS.
3	(a) Amendment of Safe Drinking Water Act.—
4	Section 1433 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
5	300i-2) is amended to read as follows:
6	"SEC. 1433. INTENTIONAL ACTS.
7	"(a) Risk-based Performance Standards; Vul-
8	NERABILITY ASSESSMENTS; SITE SECURITY PLANS;
9	EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANS.—
10	"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall
11	issue regulations—
12	"(A) establishing risk-based performance
13	standards for the security of covered water sys-
14	tems; and
15	"(B) establishing requirements and dead-
16	lines for each covered water system—
17	"(i) to conduct a vulnerability assess-
18	ment or, if the system already has a vul-
19	nerability assessment, to revise the assess-
20	ment to be in accordance with this section;
21	"(ii) to update the vulnerability as-
22	sessment not less than every 5 years and
23	promptly after any change at the system
24	that could cause the reassignment of the
25	system to a different risk-based tier under
26	subsection (d);

1	"(iii) to develop, implement, and, as
2	appropriate, revise a site security plan not
3	less than every 5 years and promptly after
4	a revision to the vulnerability assessment;
5	"(iv) to develop an emergency re-
6	sponse plan (or, if the system has already
7	developed an emergency response plan, to
8	revise the plan to be in accordance with
9	this section) and revise the plan not less
10	than every 5 years thereafter; and
11	"(v) to provide annual training to em-
12	ployees and contractor employees of cov-
13	ered water systems on implementing site
14	security plans and emergency response
15	plans.
16	"(2) Covered water systems.—For purposes
17	of this section, the term 'covered water system'
18	means a public water system that—
19	"(A) is a community water system serving
20	a population greater than 3,300; or
21	"(B) in the discretion of the Adminis-
22	trator, presents a security risk making regula-
23	tion under this section appropriate.
24	"(3) Consultation with state authori-
25	TIES.—In developing and carrying out the regula-

1	tions under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall
2	consult with States exercising primary enforcement
3	responsibility for public water systems.
4	"(4) Consultation with other persons.—
5	In developing and carrying out the regulations under
6	paragraph (1), the Administrator shall consult with
7	the Secretary of Homeland Security, and, as appro-
8	priate, other persons regarding—
9	"(A) provision of threat-related and other
10	baseline information to covered water systems;
11	"(B) designation of substances of concern;
12	"(C) development of risk-based perform-
13	ance standards;
14	"(D) establishment of risk-based tiers and
15	process for the assignment of covered water
16	systems to risk-based tiers;
17	"(E) process for the development and eval-
18	uation of vulnerability assessments, site security
19	plans, and emergency response plans;
20	"(F) treatment of protected information;
21	"(G) security at co-managed drinking
22	water and wastewater facilities; and
23	"(H) such other matters as the Adminis-
24	trator determines necessary.

1	"(5) Substances of Concern.—For purposes
2	of this section, the Administrator, in consultation
3	with the Secretary of Homeland Security—
4	"(A) may designate any chemical sub-
5	stance as a substance of concern;
6	"(B) at the time any substance is des-
7	ignated pursuant to subparagraph (A), shall es-
8	tablish by rule a threshold quantity for the re-
9	lease or theft of the substance, taking into ac-
10	count the toxicity, reactivity, volatility,
11	dispersability, combustibility, and flammability
12	of the substance and the amount of the sub-
13	stance that, as a result of a release, is known
14	to cause or may be reasonably anticipated to
15	cause death, injury, or serious adverse effects to
16	human health or the environment; and
17	"(C) in making such a designation, shall
18	take into account appendix A to part 27 of title
19	6, Code of Federal Regulations (or any suc-
20	cessor regulations).
21	"(6) Baseline information.—The Adminis-
22	trator, after consultation with appropriate depart-
23	ments and agencies of the Federal Government and
24	with State, local, and tribal governments, shall, for
25	purposes of facilitating compliance with the require-

- 1 ments of this section, promptly after the effective 2 date of the regulations under subsection (a)(1) and 3 as appropriate thereafter, provide baseline information to covered water systems regarding which kinds 5 of intentional acts are the probable threats to— 6 "(A) substantially disrupt the ability of the 7 system to provide a safe and reliable supply of 8 drinking water; "(B) cause the release of a substance of 9 10 concern at the covered water system; or 11 "(C) cause the theft, misuse, or misappro-12 priation of a substance of concern. 13 "(b) RISK-BASED PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.—The regulations under subsection (a)(1) shall set forth risk-
- 14 15 based performance standards for site security plans required by this section. The standards shall be separate 16 17 and, as appropriate, increasingly stringent based on the level of risk associated with the covered water system's 18 risk-based tier assignment under subsection (d). In devel-19 oping such standards, the Administrator shall take into 20 21 account section 27.230 of title 6, Code of Federal Regula-22 tions (or any successor regulations).
- 23 "(c) Vulnerability Assessment.—The regula-24 tions under subsection (a)(1) shall require each covered 25 water system to assess the system's vulnerability to a

- range of intentional acts, including an intentional act that results in a release of a substance of concern that is known to cause or may be reasonably anticipated to cause death, 3 4 injury, or serious adverse effects to human health or the environment. At a minimum, the vulnerability assessment 6 shall include a review of— "(1) pipes and constructed conveyances; 7 "(2) physical barriers; 8 9 "(3) water collection, pretreatment, treatment, 10 storage, and distribution facilities; 11 "(4) electronic, computer, and other automated 12 systems that are used by the covered water system; 13 "(5) the use, storage, or handling of various 14 chemicals, including substances of concern; 15 "(6) the operation and maintenance of the cov-16 ered water system; and "(7) the covered water system's resiliency and 17 18 ability to ensure continuity of operations in the 19 event of a disruption caused by an intentional act. "(d) RISK-BASED TIERS.—The regulations under 20 21 subsection (a)(1) shall provide for 4 risk-based tiers appli-22 cable to covered water systems, with tier one representing
- 24 "(1) Assignment of Risk-based tiers.—

the highest degree of security risk.

1	"(A) Submission of information.—The
2	Administrator may require a covered water sys-
3	tem to submit information in order to deter-
4	mine the appropriate risk-based tier for the cov-
5	ered water system.
6	"(B) Factors to consider.—The Ad-
7	ministrator shall assign (and reassign when ap-
8	propriate) each covered water system to one of
9	the risk-based tiers established pursuant to this
10	subsection. In assigning a covered water system
11	to a risk-based tier, the Administrator shall
12	consider the potential consequences (such as
13	death, injury, or serious adverse effects to
14	human health, the environment, critical infra-
15	structure, national security, and the national
16	economy) from—
17	"(i) an intentional act to cause a re-
18	lease, including a worst-case release, of a
19	substance of concern at the covered water
20	system;
21	"(ii) an intentional act to introduce a
22	contaminant into the drinking water sup-
23	ply or disrupt the safe and reliable supply

of drinking water; and

1	"(iii) an intentional act to steal, mis-
2	appropriate, or misuse substances of con-
3	cern.
4	"(2) Explanation for risk-based tier as-
5	SIGNMENT.—The Administrator shall provide each
6	covered water system assigned to a risk-based tier
7	with the reasons for the tier assignment and whether
8	such system is required to submit an assessment
9	under subsection $(g)(2)$.
10	"(e) Development and Implementation of Site
11	Security Plans.—The regulations under subsection
12	(a)(1) shall permit each covered water system, in devel-
13	oping and implementing its site security plan required by
14	this section, to select layered security and preparedness
15	measures that, in combination, appropriately—
16	"(1) address the security risks identified in its
17	vulnerability assessment; and
18	"(2) comply with the applicable risk-based per-
19	formance standards required under this section.
20	"(f) Role of Employees.—
21	"(1) Description of Role.—Site security
22	plans and emergency response plans required under
23	this section shall describe the appropriate roles or
24	responsibilities that employees and contractor em-
25	ployees are expected to perform to deter or respond

- to the intentional acts described in subsection (d)(1)(B).
- "(2) Training for employees.—Each covered water system shall annually provide employees and contractor employees with roles or responsibilities described in paragraph (1) with a minimum of 8 hours of training on carrying out those roles or responsibilities.
 - "(3) Employee participation.—In developing, revising, or updating a vulnerability assessment, site security plan, and emergency response plan required under this section, a covered water system shall include—
 - "(A) at least one supervisory and at least one non-supervisory employee of the covered water system; and
 - "(B) at least one representative of each certified or recognized bargaining agent representing facility employees or contractor employees with roles or responsibilities described in paragraph (1), if any, in a collective bargaining relationship with the private or public owner or operator of the system or with a contractor to that system.

1	"(g) Methods To Reduce the Consequences of
2	A CHEMICAL RELEASE FROM AN INTENTIONAL ACT.—
3	"(1) Definition.—In this section, the term
4	'method to reduce the consequences of a chemical re-
5	lease from an intentional act' means a measure at
6	a covered water system that reduces or eliminates
7	the potential consequences of a release of a sub-
8	stance of concern from an intentional act such as—
9	"(A) the elimination or reduction in the
10	amount of a substance of concern possessed or
11	planned to be possessed by a covered water sys-
12	tem through the use of alternate substances,
13	formulations, or processes;
14	"(B) the modification of pressures, tem-
15	peratures, or concentrations of a substance of
16	concern; and
17	"(C) the reduction or elimination of onsite
18	handling of a substance of concern through im-
19	provement of inventory control or chemical use
20	efficiency.
21	"(2) Assessment.—For each covered water
22	system that possesses or plans to possess a sub-
23	stance of concern in excess of the release threshold
24	quantity set by the Administrator under subsection
25	(a)(5), the regulations under subsection (a)(1) shall

require the covered water system to include in its site security plan an assessment of methods to reduce the consequences of a chemical release from an intentional act at the covered water system. The covered water system shall provide such assessment to the Administrator and the State exercising primary enforcement responsibility for the covered water system, if any. The regulations under subsection (a)(1) shall require the system, in preparing the assessment, to consider factors appropriate to the system's security, public health, or environmental mission, and include—

- "(A) a description of the methods to reduce the consequences of a chemical release from an intentional act;
- "(B) how each described method to reduce the consequences of a chemical release from an intentional act could, if applied, reduce the potential extent of death, injury, or serious adverse effects to human health resulting from a chemical release;
- "(C) how each described method to reduce the consequences of a chemical release from an intentional act could, if applied, affect the pres-

1 ence of contaminants in treated water, human 2 health, or the environment; "(D) whether each described method to re-3 4 duce the consequences of a chemical release from an intentional act at the covered water 6 system is feasible, as defined in section 7 1412(b)(4)(D), but not including cost calcula-8 tions under subparagraph (E); 9 "(E) the costs (including capital and operational costs) and avoided costs (including sav-10 11 ings and liabilities) associated with applying 12 each described method to reduce the con-13 sequences of a chemical release from an inten-14 tional act at the covered water system; "(F) any other relevant information that 15 16 the covered water system relied on in con-17 ducting the assessment; and 18 "(G) a statement of whether the covered 19 water system has implemented or plans to im-20 plement one or more methods to reduce the 21 consequences of a chemical release from an in-22 tentional act, a description of any such meth-23 ods, and, in the case of a covered water system

described in paragraph (3)(A), an explanation

1	of the reasons for any decision not to imple-
2	ment any such methods.
3	"(3) Required methods.—
4	"(A) Application.—This paragraph ap-
5	plies to a covered water system—
6	"(i) that is assigned to one of the two
7	highest risk-based tiers under subsection
8	(d); and
9	"(ii) that possesses or plans to possess
10	a substance of concern in excess of the re-
11	lease threshold quantity set by the Admin-
12	istrator under subsection $(a)(5)$.
13	"(B) Highest-risk systems.—If, on the
14	basis of its assessment under paragraph (2), a
15	covered water system described in subparagraph
16	(A) decides not to implement methods to reduce
17	the consequences of a chemical release from an
18	intentional act, the State exercising primary en-
19	forcement responsibility for the covered water
20	system, if the system is located in such a State
21	or the Administrator, if the covered water sys-
22	tem is not located in such a State, shall, in ac-
23	cordance with a timeline set by the Adminis-
24	trator—

1	"(i) determine whether to require the
2	covered water system to implement the
3	methods; and
4	"(ii) for States exercising primary en-
5	forcement responsibility, report such deter-
6	mination to the Administrator.
7	"(C) State or administrator's consid-
8	ERATIONS.—Before requiring, pursuant to sub-
9	paragraph (B), the implementation of a method
10	to reduce the consequences of a chemical re-
11	lease from an intentional act, the State exer-
12	cising primary enforcement responsibility for
13	the covered water system, if the system is lo-
14	cated in such a State, or the Administrator, if
15	the covered water system is not located in such
16	a State, shall consider factors appropriate to
17	the security, public health, and environmental
18	missions of covered water systems, including an
19	examination of whether the method—
20	"(i) would significantly reduce the
21	risk of death, injury, or serious adverse ef-
22	fects to human health resulting directly
23	from a chemical release from an inten-
24	tional act at the covered water system;

1	"(ii) would not increase the interim
2	storage of a substance of concern by the
3	covered water system;
4	"(iii) would not render the covered
5	water system unable to comply with other
6	requirements of this Act or drinking water
7	standards established by the State or polit-
8	ical subdivision in which the system is lo-
9	cated; and
10	"(iv) is feasible, as defined in section
11	1412(b)(4)(D), to be incorporated into the
12	operation of the covered water system.
13	"(4) Incomplete or late assessments.—
14	"(A) Incomplete assessments.—If the
15	Administrator finds that the covered water sys-
16	tem, in conducting its assessment under para-
17	graph (2), did not meet the requirements of
18	paragraph (2) and the applicable regulations,
19	the Administrator shall, after notifying the cov-
20	ered water system and the State exercising pri-
21	mary enforcement responsibility for that sys-
22	tem, if any, require the covered water system to
23	submit a revised assessment not later than 60
24	days after the Administrator notifies such sys-

tem. The Administrator may require such addi-

tional revisions as are necessary to ensure that the system meets the requirements of paragraph (2) and the applicable regulations.

"(B) Late assessments.—If the Administrator finds that a covered water system, in conducting its assessment pursuant to paragraph (2), did not complete such assessment in accordance with the deadline set by the Administrator, the Administrator may, after notifying the covered water system and the State exercising primary enforcement responsibility for that system, if any, take appropriate enforcement action under subsection (o).

"(C) Review.—The State exercising primary enforcement responsibility for the covered water system, if the system is located in such a State, or the Administrator, if the system is not located in such a State, shall review a revised assessment that meets the requirements of paragraph (2) and applicable regulations to determine whether the covered water system will be required to implement methods to reduce the consequences of an intentional act pursuant to paragraph (3).

"(5) Enforcement.—

1 "(A) Failure by state to make deter-2 MINATION.—Whenever the Administrator finds 3 that a State exercising primary enforcement re-4 sponsibility for a covered water system has failed to determine whether to require the cov-6 ered water system to implement methods to re-7 duce the consequences of a chemical release 8 from an intentional act, as required by para-9 graph (3)(B), the Administrator shall so notify 10 the State and covered water system. If, beyond the thirtieth day after the Administrator's noti-12 fication under the preceding sentence, the State 13 has failed to make the determination described 14 in such sentence, the Administrator shall so no-15 tify the State and covered water system and 16 shall determine whether to require the covered 17 water system to implement methods to reduce 18 the consequences of a chemical release from an 19 intentional act based on the factors described in 20 paragraph (3)(C).

"(B) Failure by state to bring en-FORCEMENT ACTION.—If the Administrator finds, with respect to a period in which a State has primary enforcement responsibility for a covered water system, that the system has

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failed to implement methods to reduce the consequences of a chemical release from an intentional act (as required by the State or the Administrator under paragraph (3)(B) or the Administrator under subparagraph (A)), the Administrator shall so notify the State and the covered water system. If, beyond the thirtieth day after the Administrator's notification under the preceding sentence, the State has not commenced appropriate enforcement action, the Administrator shall so notify the State and may commence an enforcement action against the system, including by seeking or imposing civil penalties under subsection (o), to require implementation of such methods.

"(C) Consideration of continued primary enforcement responsibility.—For a State with primary enforcement responsibility for a covered water system, the Administrator may consider the failure of such State to make a determination as described under subparagraph (A) or to bring enforcement action as described under subparagraph (B) when determining whether a State may retain primary enforcement responsibility under this Act.

1	"(n) REVIEW BY ADMINISTRATOR.—
2	"(1) In general.—The regulations under sub-
3	section (a)(1) shall require each covered water sys-
4	tem to submit its vulnerability assessment and site
5	security plan to the Administrator for review accord-
6	ing to deadlines set by the Administrator. The Ad-
7	ministrator shall review each vulnerability assess-
8	ment and site security plan submitted under this
9	section and—
10	"(A) if the assessment or plan has any sig-
11	nificant deficiency described in paragraph (2),
12	require the covered water system to correct the
13	deficiency; or
14	"(B) approve such assessment or plan.
15	"(2) Significant deficiencies.—A vulner-
16	ability assessment or site security plan of a covered
17	water system has a significant deficiency under this
18	subsection if the Administrator, in consultation, as
19	appropriate, with the State exercising primary en-
20	forcement responsibility for such system, if any, de-
21	termines that—
22	"(A) such assessment does not comply with
23	the regulations established under section $(a)(1)$;
24	or
25	"(B) such plan—

"(i) fails to address vulnerabilities
identified in a vulnerability assessment; or
"(ii) fails to meet applicable riskbased performance standards.

"(3) STATE, REGIONAL, OR LOCAL GOVERN-MENTAL ENTITIES.—No covered water system shall be required under State, local, or tribal law to provide a vulnerability assessment or site security plan described in this section to any State, regional, local, or tribal governmental entity solely by reason of the requirement set forth in paragraph (1) that the system submit such an assessment and plan to the Administrator.

"(i) Emergency Response Plan.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each covered water system shall prepare or revise, as appropriate, an emergency response plan that incorporates the results of the system's most current vulnerability assessment and site security plan.
- "(2) CERTIFICATION.—Each covered water system shall certify to the Administrator that the system has completed an emergency response plan. The system shall submit such certification to the Administrator not later than 6 months after the system's first completion or revision of a vulnerability assess-

1	ment under this section and shall submit an addi-
2	tional certification following any update of the emer-
3	gency response plan.
4	"(3) Contents.—A covered water system's
5	emergency response plan shall include—
6	"(A) plans, procedures, and identification
7	of equipment that can be implemented or used
8	in the event of an intentional act at the covered
9	water system; and
10	"(B) actions, procedures, and identification
11	of equipment that can obviate or significantly
12	lessen the impact of intentional acts on public
13	health and the safety and supply of drinking
14	water provided to communities and individuals.
15	"(4) Coordination.—As part of its emergency
16	response plan, each covered water system shall pro-
17	vide appropriate information to any local emergency
18	planning committee, local law enforcement officials,
19	and local emergency response providers to ensure an
20	effective, collective response.
21	"(j) Maintenance of Records.—Each covered
22	water system shall maintain an updated copy of its vulner-
23	ability assessment, site security plan, and emergency re-
24	sponse plan.
25	"(k) Audit; Inspection.—

1	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding section
2	1445(b)(2), the Administrator, or duly designated
3	representatives of the Administrator, shall audit and
4	inspect covered water systems, as necessary, for pur-
5	poses of determining compliance with this section.
6	"(2) Access.—In conducting an audit or in-
7	spection of a covered water system, the Adminis-
8	trator or duly designated representatives of the Ad-
9	ministrator, as appropriate, shall have access to the
10	owners, operators, employees and contractor employ-
11	ees, and employee representatives, if any, of such
12	covered water system.
13	"(1) Protection of Information.—
14	"(1) Prohibition of public disclosure of
15	PROTECTED INFORMATION.—Protected information
16	shall—
17	"(A) be exempt from disclosure under sec-
18	tion 552 of title 5, United States Code; and
19	"(B) not be made available pursuant to
20	any State, local, or tribal law requiring disclo-
21	sure of information or records.
22	"(2) Information sharing.—
23	"(A) Sharing of Protected Informa-
24	TION.—The Administrator shall provide stand-
25	ards for and facilitate the appropriate sharing

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of protected information with and between Federal, State, local, and tribal authorities, first responders, law enforcement officials, designated supervisory and non-supervisory covered water system personnel with security, operational, or fiduciary responsibility for the system, and designated facility employee representatives, if any. Such standards shall include procedures for the sharing of all portions of a covered water system's vulnerability assessment and site security plan relating to the roles and responsibilities of employees or contractor system employees under subsection (f)(1) with a representative of each certified or recognized bargaining agent representing such employees, if any, or, if none, with at least one supervisory and at least one non-supervisory employee with roles and responsibilities under subsection (f)(1).

"(B) Penalties.—Protected information, as described in paragraph (7), shall not be shared except in accordance with the standards created under subparagraph (A). Any person who purposefully publishes, divulges, discloses, or makes known protected information in any manner or to any extent not authorized by the

standards set by the Administrator under subparagraph (A), shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned for not more than one year or fined in
accordance with the provisions of chapter 227
of title 18, United States Code, applicable to
class A misdemeanors, or both, and, in the case
of Federal employees or officeholders, shall be
removed from Federal office or employment.

- "(3) TREATMENT OF INFORMATION IN ADJU-DICATIVE PROCEEDINGS.—In any judicial or administrative proceeding, protected information, as described in paragraph (7), shall be treated in a manner consistent with the treatment of Sensitive Security Information under section 525 of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law 109–295; 120 Stat. 1381).
- "(4) OTHER OBLIGATIONS UNAFFECTED.—
 Nothing in this section amends or affects an obligation of a covered water system—
 - "(A) to submit or make available information to system employees, employee organizations, or a Federal, State, tribal, or local government agency under any other law; or
- 24 "(B) to comply with any other law.

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1	"(5) Congressional oversight.—Nothing in
2	this section permits or authorizes the withholding of
3	information from Congress or any committee or sub-
4	committee thereof.
5	"(6) Disclosure of independently fur-
6	NISHED INFORMATION.—Nothing in this section
7	amends or affects any authority or obligation of a
8	Federal, State, local, or tribal agency to protect or
9	disclose any record or information that the Federal
10	State, local, or tribal agency obtains from a covered
11	water system or the Administrator under any other
12	law except as provided in subsection (h)(3).
13	"(7) Protected information.—
14	"(A) In general.—For purposes of this
15	section, protected information is any of the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(i) Vulnerability assessments and
18	site security plans under this section, in-
19	cluding any assessment developed pursuant
20	to subsection $(g)(2)$.
21	"(ii) Documents directly related to the
22	Administrator's review of assessments and
23	plans described in clause (i) and, as appli-
24	cable, the State's review of an assessment
25	prepared under subsection $(g)(2)$.

1	"(iii) Documents directly related to
2	inspections and audits under this section.
3	"(iv) Orders, notices, or letters re-
4	garding the compliance of a covered water
5	system with the requirements of this sec-
6	tion.
7	"(v) Information required to be pro-
8	vided to, or documents and records created
9	by, the Administrator under subsection
10	(d).
11	"(vi) Other documents and records
12	developed exclusively for the purposes of
13	this section that the Administrator deter-
14	mines would be detrimental to the security
15	of one or more covered water systems if
16	disclosed.
17	"(B) Detriment requirement.—For
18	purposes of clauses (ii), (iii), (iv), and (v) of
19	subparagraph (A), the only portions of docu-
20	ments, records, orders, notices, and letters that
21	shall be considered protected information are
22	those portions that—
23	"(i) would be detrimental to the secu-
24	rity of one or more covered water systems
25	if disclosed; and

1	"(ii) are developed by the Adminis-
2	trator, the State, or the covered water sys-
3	tem exclusively for the purposes of this
4	section.
5	"(C) Exclusions.—For purposes of this
6	section, protected information does not in-
7	clude—
8	"(i) information that is otherwise pub-
9	licly available, including information that is
10	required to be made publicly available
11	under any law;
12	"(ii) information that a covered water
13	system has lawfully disclosed other than in
14	accordance with this section; and
15	"(iii) information that, if disclosed,
16	would not be detrimental to the security of
17	one or more covered water systems, includ-
18	ing aggregate regulatory data that the Ad-
19	ministrator determines appropriate to de-
20	scribe system compliance with the require-
21	ments of this section and the Administra-
22	tor's implementation of such requirements.
23	"(m) Relation to Chemical Facility Security
24	REQUIREMENTS.—The following provisions (and any reg-

- 1 ulations promulgated thereunder) shall not apply to any
- 2 public water system subject to this Act:
- 3 "(1) Title XXI of the Homeland Security Act
- 4 of 2002 (as proposed to be added by H.R. 2868, the
- 5 Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Act of 2009).
- 6 "(2) Section 550 of the Department of Home-
- 7 land Security Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law
- 8 109–295).
- 9 "(3) The Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Act
- 10 of 2009.
- 11 "(n) Preemption.—This section does not preclude
- 12 or deny the right of any State or political subdivision
- 13 thereof to adopt or enforce any regulation, requirement,
- 14 or standard of performance with respect to a covered
- 15 water system that is more stringent than a regulation, re-
- 16 quirement, or standard of performance under this section.
- 17 "(o) VIOLATIONS.—
- 18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A covered water system
- that violates any requirement of this section, includ-
- ing by not implementing all or part of its site secu-
- 21 rity plan by such date as the Administrator requires,
- shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than
- \$25,000 for each day on which the violation oc-
- 24 curs.

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"(2) PROCEDURE.—When the Administrator determines that a covered water system is subject to a civil penalty under paragraph (1), the Administrator, after consultation with the State, for covered water systems located in a State exercising primary responsibility for the covered water system, and, after considering the severity of the violation or deficiency and the record of the covered water system in carrying out the requirements of this section, may—

"(A) after notice and an opportunity for the covered water system to be heard, issue an order assessing a civil penalty under such paragraph for any past or current violation, requiring compliance immediately or within a specified time period; or

"(B) commence a civil action in the United States district court in the district in which the violation occurred for appropriate relief, including temporary or permanent injunction.

"(3) METHODS TO REDUCE THE CON-SEQUENCES OF A CHEMICAL RELEASE FROM AN IN-TENTIONAL ACT.—Except as provided in subsections (g)(4) and (g)(5), if a covered water system is located in a State exercising primary enforcement responsibility for the system, the Administrator may not issue an order or commence a civil action under this section for any deficiency in the content or implementation of the portion of the system's site security plan relating to methods to reduce the consequences of a chemical release from an intentional act (as defined in subsection (g)(1)).

"(p) Report to Congress.—

"(1) Periodic Report.—Not later than 3 years after the effective date of the regulations under subsection (a)(1), and every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator shall transmit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate a report on progress in achieving compliance with this section. Each such report shall include, at a minimum, the following:

"(A) A generalized summary of measures implemented by covered water systems in order to meet each risk-based performance standard established by this section.

"(B) A summary of how the covered water systems, differentiated by risk-based tier assignment, are complying with the requirements of this section during the period covered by the report and how the Administrator is imple-

1	menting and enforcing such requirements dur-
2	ing such period including—
3	"(i) the number of public water sys-
4	tems that provided the Administrator with
5	information pursuant to subsection (d)(1);
6	"(ii) the number of covered water sys-
7	tems assigned to each risk-based tier;
8	"(iii) the number of vulnerability as-
9	sessments and site security plans sub-
10	mitted by covered water systems;
11	"(iv) the number of vulnerability as-
12	sessments and site security plans approved
13	and disapproved by the Administrator;
14	"(v) the number of covered water sys-
15	tems without approved vulnerability assess-
16	ments or site security plans;
17	"(vi) the number of covered water sys-
18	tems that have been assigned to a different
19	risk-based tier due to implementation of a
20	method to reduce the consequences of a
21	chemical release from an intentional act
22	and a description of the types of such im-
23	plemented methods;
24	"(vii) the number of audits and in-
25	spections conducted by the Administrator

1	or duly designated representatives of the
2	Administrator;
3	"(viii) the number of orders for com-
4	pliance issued by the Administrator;
5	"(ix) the administrative penalties as-
6	sessed by the Administrator for non-com-
7	pliance with the requirements of this sec-
8	tion;
9	"(x) the civil penalties assessed by
10	courts for non-compliance with the require-
11	ments of this section; and
12	"(xi) any other regulatory data the
13	Administrator determines appropriate to
14	describe covered water system compliance
15	with the requirements of this section and
16	the Administrator's implementation of
17	such requirements.
18	"(2) Public availability.—A report sub-
19	mitted under this section shall be made publicly
20	available.
21	"(q) Grant Programs.—
22	"(1) Implementation grants to states.—
23	The Administrator may award grants to, or enter
24	into cooperative agreements with, States, based on
25	an allocation formula established by the Adminis-

1	trator, to assist the States in implementing this sec-
2	tion.
3	"(2) Research, training, and technical
4	ASSISTANCE GRANTS.—The Administrator may
5	award grants to, or enter into cooperative agree-
6	ments with, non-profit organizations to provide re-
7	search, training, and technical assistance to covered
8	water systems to assist them in carrying out their
9	responsibilities under this section.
10	"(3) Preparation grants.—The Adminis-
11	trator may award grants to, or enter into coopera-
12	tive agreements with, covered water systems to as-
13	sist such systems in—
14	"(A) preparing and updating vulnerability
15	assessments, site security plans, and emergency
16	response plans;
17	"(B) assessing and implementing methods
18	to reduce the consequences of a release of a
19	substance of concern from an intentional act
20	and
21	"(C) implementing any other security re-
22	views and enhancements necessary to comply
23	with this section.
24	"(4) Worker training grants program au-
25	THORITY —

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish a grant program to award grants to eligible entities to provide for training and education of employees and contractor employees with roles or responsibilities described in subsection (f)(1) and first responders and emergency response providers who would respond to an intentional act at a covered water system.

- "(B) Administration.—The Administrator shall enter into an agreement with the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences to make and administer grants under this paragraph.
- "(C) USE OF FUNDS.—The recipient of a grant under this paragraph shall use the grant to provide for—

"(i) training and education of employees and contractor employees with roles or responsibilities described in subsection (f)(1), including the annual mandatory training specified in subsection (f)(2) or training for first responders in protecting nearby persons, property, or the environment from the effects of a release of a substance of concern at the covered water sys-

1	tem, with priority given to covered water
2	systems assigned to tier one or tier two
3	under subsection (d); and
4	"(ii) appropriate training for first re-
5	sponders and emergency response pro-
6	viders who would respond to an intentional
7	act at a covered water system.
8	"(D) Eligible entities.—For purposes
9	of this paragraph, an eligible entity is a non-
10	profit organization with demonstrated experi-
11	ence in implementing and operating successful
12	worker or first responder health and safety or
13	security training programs.
14	"(r) Authorization of Appropriations.—To
15	carry out this section, there are authorized to be appro-
16	priated—
17	(1) \$315,000,000 for fiscal year 2011, of
18	which up to—
19	"(A) \$30,000,000 may be used for admin-
20	istrative costs incurred by the Administrator or
21	the States, as appropriate; and
22	"(B) \$125,000,000 may be used to imple-
23	ment methods to reduce the consequences of a
24	chemical release from an intentional act at cov-
25	ered water systems with priority given to cov-

- ered water systems—assigned to tier one or tier two under subsection (d); and
- 3 "(2) such sums as may be necessary for fiscal 4 years 2012 through 2015.".

(b) REGULATIONS; TRANSITION.—

- (1) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall promulgate final regulations to carry out section 1433 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, as amended by subsection (a).
- (2) Effective date.—Until the effective date of the regulations promulgated under paragraph (1), section 1433 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this title, shall continue to apply.
- (3) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section or the amendment made by this section shall affect the application of section 1433 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, as in effect before the effective date of the regulations promulgated under paragraph (1), to any violation of such section 1433 occurring before such effective date, and the requirements of such section 1433 shall remain in force and effect with respect to such violation until the viola-

- 1 tion has been corrected or enforcement proceedings
- 2 completed, whichever is later.

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